Capital Region PRISM AIS Monitor Report

Second Pond, Grafton Lakes State Park

About This Priority Waterbody

Second Pond embodies 31 acres with a depth averaging 14 feet, and a maximum depth of 25 feet. Located in Rennselaer County, the waterbody connects to Mill Pond.

The lake is regularly utilized for fishing activities and has an undeveloped shoreline. Public access to Second Pond is provided at a hand launch located off of N. Long Pond Road. An additional smaller hand launch is accessible from the Second Pond parking lot. Electric motors are permitted only. The bottom cover of the lake is primarily comprised of muck/sand/macrophytes. Brown trout, bass, chain pickerel, bluegill, and more are documented. This waterbody is located in Grafton Lakes State Park and is overseen by OPRHP.



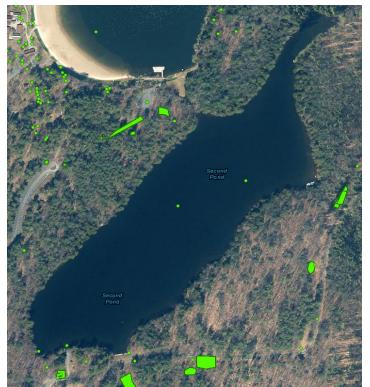
Invasive Species Previously Recorded at Second Pond

Common Name	Scientific Name	Location (GPS)	Growth Type	Phenology	Abundance
Eurasian Water-	Myriophyllum	Multiple locations	Submerged	Plant	Sparse/Dense
milfoil	spicatum				
Banded	Viviparus	Multiple locations	Animal	Animal	Unknown
Mysterysnail	georgianus				

Growth Type: Tree, Shrub, Vine, Ground Cover, Herbaceous, Riparian, Submerged, Floating, Emergent, Wetland, Pest, Animal

Phenology: Flowering, Leaf unfolding, fruit ripening, leaf color change, dormant, swarming, spawning, emergence (insects), migrating, in seed, senesce Distribution/Abundance: Trace (single plant/clump), Sparse (scattered plants/clumps), Dense plants/clumps, linearly scattered, Monoculture

iMapInvasives Confirmed Aquatic Invasive Species Observations





Capital Region PRISM AIS Early Detection Survey

On June 21st, 2023 the Capital Region PRISM conducted an aquatic survey on Second Pond located in Rensselaer County. The survey focused on early detection of Tier 1 and 2 aquatic invasive species. Upon completion of the surveys it was determined that Eurasian water-milfoil is present in Second Pond. Eurasian water-milfoil is present throughout the waterbodies littoral zone in sparse/dense populations. An unidentified macroalgae warrants a follow up survey this season when bulbils are fully developed.

General Information				
Waterbody Name: Second Pond	Date of Survey: June 21 st , 2023			
Survey Lead: Hannah Coppola	Time to Conduct Survey: 3.5 hours			
Team Members: N/A	Address: Second Pond, Grafton Lakes State Park			
iMapInvasives User ID: 21052	County: Rensselaer			
Property Owner Contact: OPRHP	Coordinates: 42.780079, -73.447466			
Date of Last Survey: 7/28/2020	Waterbody Acreage: 31 acres			
Recommended Date of Next Survey: 2025	Average Depth: 14 feet			
Has This Site Received Previous Management? N/A If so by who, when, what?	۹			

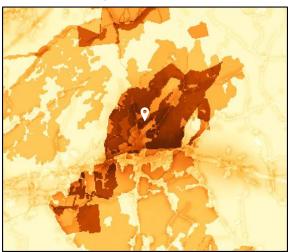
Survey Techniques

This survey was conducted using top-side (visual) and meandering rake toss methodology.

New York State Invasive Species Prioritization Model

Second Pond is located near/contains an area with a high to very high comprehensive score on the NYS Invasive Species Prioritization Model. Locations with high comprehensive scores have high ecological significance, a high risk of spread of invasives into the area, and high value according to their protected status. Early detection is important in these locations to ensure timely management of new infestations if detected.







Aquatic Invasive Species Presence

Common Name	Scientific Name	Location (GPS)	Growth Type	Phenology	Abundance
Eurasian Water- milfoil	Myriophyllum spicatum	Multiple locations	Submerged	Plant	Sparse/Dense
Unconfirmed: Starry Stonewort	Nitellopsis obtusa	Multiple locations outside of littoral zone.	Submerged	Macroalgae	Sparse/Dense

Eurasian watermilfoil

- New York Non-Native Animal Invasiveness Ranking 100
- https://nyis.info/wp-content/uploads/2018/01/5cdc8 Myriophyllum.spicatum.NYS .pdf

Native Species Presence

Common Name(s)	Scientific Name	
Spatterdock / cow lily	Nuphar variegata	
Watershield	Brasenia schreberi	
Robbins pondweed	Potamogeton robbinsii	
Large leaf pondweed	Potamogeton amplifolius	

Summary of Recommendations

Prevention

Prevention efforts are recommended to reduce the chance of new aquatic invasive species introductions into Second Pond. The restricted electric motor access to the lake helps prevent unwanted species being introduced through reduction of visitors. Ensuring clean, drain, dry practices are being followed when transporting watercraft from one waterbody to another is also recommended. Identifying and reporting any suspected aquatic invasive species is encouraged to ensure early detection. Collection of the macroalgae should be done when bulbils are fully developed.

Survey Photos

