



## Capital Region PRISM Survey Report

### **Purpose:**

The Invasive Species Survey Report will provide an overview and help guide invasive species treatments, baseline site composition, post-monitoring, and restoration at a specific site over time. A single survey report should not be written for an entire site, but a specific project. A site could have multiple reports. If there are multiple reports within a site, consult with the Capital Region PRISM about potentially preparing a more robust survey report.

To be submitted to Capital Region PRISM following the completion of partner, individual, or PRISM-led survey for review. This form can be found online as "FieldSurveyReportTemplate" at <https://www.capitalregionprism.org> or with a request. Please consult the Capital Region PRISM if there are any questions at (518)-885-8995. Please capture and collect data using [iMap Invasives](#). The online software platform and associated mobile application are free and open sourced.

### **Section 1: Survey Summary**

This section provides an overview of the site, contact information, etc. Once complete, save your report and submit the form via email to a member of the Capital Region PRISM team. Feel free to include supporting documents in your submission.

To determine site value, we recommend using the iMap Invasives Prioritization Model which can be found on the [PRISM Prioritization webpage](#). The prioritization model will allow you to assess your site's ecological value based on a few factors. Evaluate the comprehensive score or the ecological score to determine if your site is a high priority site that will help us determine if the location and infestation falls into our priority objectives for future management. If it is not a high priority site, we still encourage you to complete invasive species surveying as the site may be culturally and socially of value to the public.

### **Section 2: Survey Result Summary**

The survey summary section will contain the tables and maps generated from your survey efforts. The biological surveys will assist the Capital Region PRISM in our efforts to identify emerging species to be able to more effectively manage infestations and the spread of populations. Please fill out the provided table and insert screen shots of iMap Invasives maps.

### **Section 3: Summary of Recommendations**

The recommendation section contains treatment calendars and post-season summaries. Most sites need to be revisited annually to document successes/failures, identify any changes needed, and update future treatment calendars.



## Section 1: Survey Summary

<b>Date:</b> 8/30/22	<b>Property Owner Name:</b> Wilton Wildlife Preserve- Margo Bloom
<b>Site Name:</b> Wilton Wildlife Kalabus-Perry and Edie Bullard Parcels	<b>Property Owner Contact:</b> mbolson@wiltonpreserve.org
<b>Site Address (if different):</b> 99-1, Gailor Ln, Saratoga Springs, NY 12866	<b>Survey Leader Name and Title:</b> Sam Schultz, Terrestrial Invasive Species Coordinator
<b>County:</b> Saratoga	<b>Survey Leader Contact:</b> <a href="mailto:ss986@cornell.edu">ss986@cornell.edu</a>
<b>Latitude/Longitude:</b> 43.150895721501975, -73.71198373949929	<b>Team Member Name(s):</b> N/A
<b>Site Size:</b> 2,400 acres	<b>Team Member Contact(s):</b> N/A

**Site Description:** Provide existing conditions of the site, current land use, landscape elements, etc.

The Edie Road Forest parcel has a 2.5-mile multi-use trail and passes through forest, wetlands and past the meadow habitat of the endangered Karner Blue Butterfly. This area is predominately pine but some timber was harvested in 2007 to create open meadow habitat for the butterfly. The Kalabus-Perry Preserve, is predominately a beech forest with a mix of hemlock, pine and maples. It is used by mountain bikers and hikers a-like with about 3.5 miles of trail.

**Survey Techniques:** Provide a clear and concise description of the work to be conducted, target species, and any survey methods used (i.e. Highly probable area search, rake toss, transect, etc.).

Highly probable areas including parking lots, trailheads and trails were visually surveyed for high threat invasives.

**Did you identify this site through the iMap Invasives Prioritization Model?** If yes- Did it score high in either ecological or comprehensive value? What other reason is present for conducting the survey?

Yes, this site is a Priority Conservation Area. It scores highly in the ecological and comprehensive values due to it providing habitat for the endangered Karner Blue Butterfly.

## Section 2: Survey Result Summary

Common Name	Scientific Name	GPS Location	Growth Form	Phenology	Distribution/ Abundance	# of Stems	Area Infested (acres/miles if linear)
Honeysuckle	Lonicera sp.	See iMap	Shrub	Vegetative	Sparse	N/A	0.06
Oriental bittersweet	Celastrus orbiculatus	See iMap	Vine	Fruiting	Sparse	N/A	0.08
Autumn Olive	Elaeagnus umbellata	43.147648, -73.710636	Shrub	Vegetative	Trace	N/A	0.04
Common Buckthorn	Rhamnus cathartica	43.149727, -73.14068	Shrub	Vegetative	Trace	N/A	0.02
Bristly Lady's Thumb	Persicaria longiseta	See iMap	Herbaceous	Flowering	Dense plants/clumps	N/A	A lot
Mugwort	Artemisia vulgaris	43.113880, -73.661079	Herbaceous	Vegetative	Dense Clump	N/A	0.04

**Growth Form:**

**Terrestrial:** Ground Cover, Herbaceous, Vine, Shrub, Tree, Insect, Animal

**Aquatic:** Submerged, Floating, Emergent, Riparian, Animal

**Phenology:**

**Plants:** Vegetative, Flowering, Fruit/In Seed, Dormant, Dead

**Insects:** Emergence, Swarming, Spawning

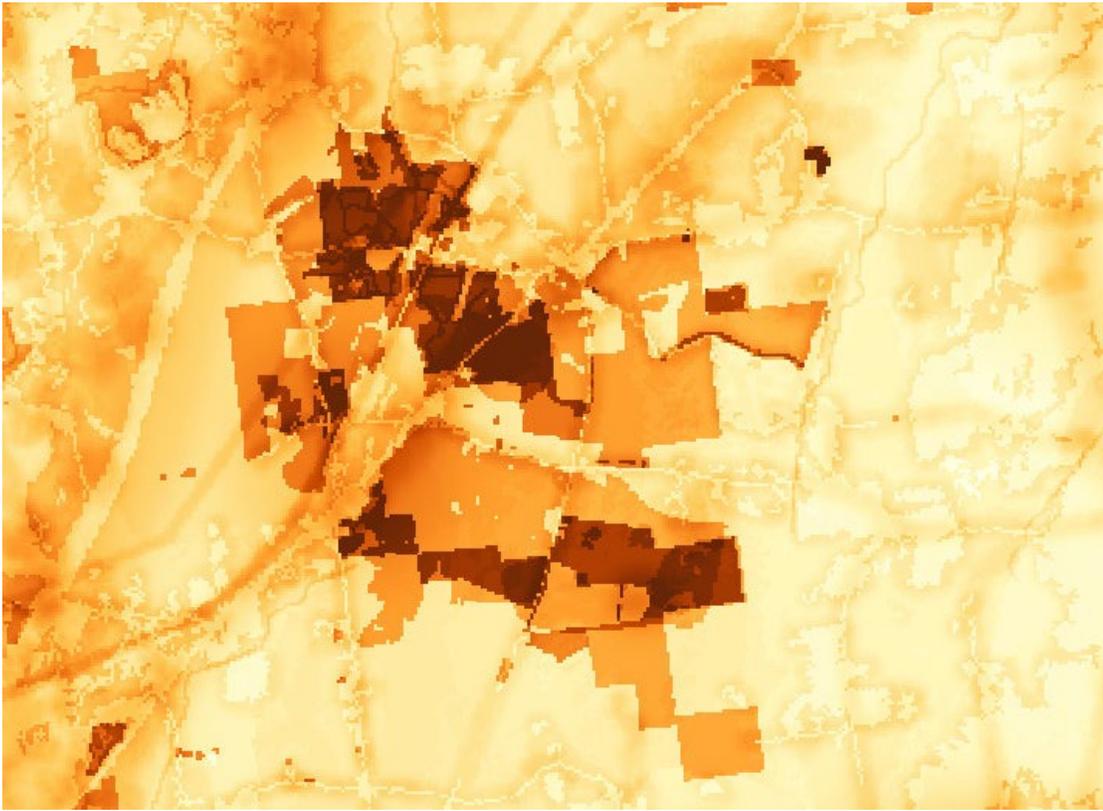
**Animals:** Spawning, Swarming, Migrating

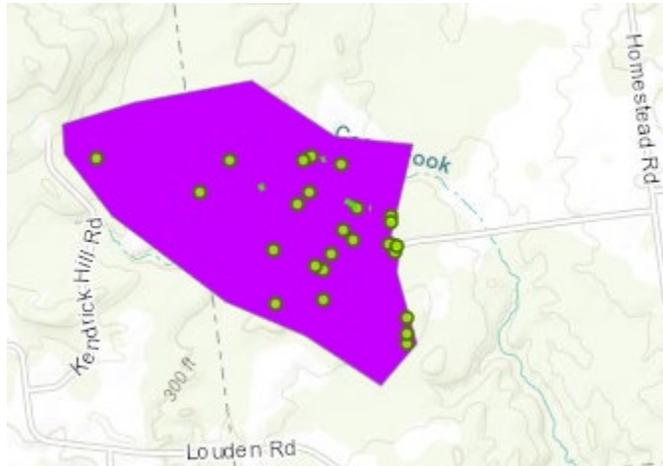
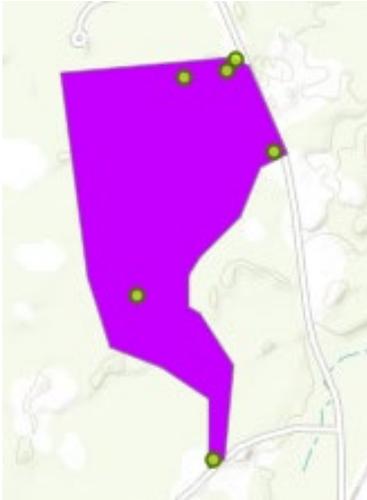
**Distribution/Abundance:**

Trace (single plant/clump), Sparse (scattered plants/clumps), Dense plants/clumps, Monoculture, Linearly scattered

**Map:** Develop a map of the survey area that has any iMap Invasives points and/or searched, polygons to delineate infestation extent. Multiple maps may be added for multiple species or locations. Different mapping formats are welcome but iMap Invasive delineations are preferred.

- Insert Survey Map(s):





### **Section 3: Summary of Recommendations**

This section provides recommendations of any treatment methods, monitoring methods, and restoration efforts based on the survey.

**Additional Notes:** Describe any barriers or issues that arose before or during the survey. Issues arising before completing the survey could include: trouble contacting owner, extended time to obtain permission, trouble accessing the property, etc. Barriers arising during the survey could include: downed trees, trail is closed off, hazards on site, unforeseen injury, inclement weather, etc. Provide any advice that could limit barriers or issues in the future.

No real issues, just very hot and humid weather making surveying slow for the day.

**Treatment:** Describe briefly any recommendations for future treatment methods, why they are recommended, and any alternatives to consider. Please use abundance and site-specific factors in your treatment recommendation. Optional: Attach or reference BMP guidance document. Consider state and local permitting requirements.

Continue to work with the Wilton Wildlife staff and their volunteers to survey for forest pests and terrestrial invasive species.

**Post-Survey Monitoring:** Briefly explain the monitoring procedure, when it will occur, and who will complete it. Consider the phenology of species when suggesting time-lines. If a control such as eradication, suppression, and exclusion is selected, will a management plan be drafted? If a plan is needed, please contact the CR-PRISM Office for a template of our Invasive Species Management Plan.

This site should be surveyed annually due to the low amount of invasives present on the preserve. Focus should be on highly probable areas to maximize effectiveness.